

## COURSE SYLLABUS

### 1. Identification

Code and title: QUP 336 - Advanced Analytical Chemistry

Professor: João Henrique Zimnoch dos Santos

Level: Master and Doctorate

Credit hours: 3

Revised: August\_2021

### 2. Summary

Statistical methods applied to Analytical Chemistry. Errors and data treatment. Validation of analytical methodology. Calibration. Activity coefficient and Debye-Hückel theory. Advanced studies of chemical equilibrium involving acid-base, solubility, complexation and oxy-reduction. Analytical chemistry in non-aqueous solvents.

### 3. Objective

To deepen the knowledge of the postgraduate student in Quantitative Analytical Chemistry, through the broad approach of theoretical foundations already established in the area and theories under construction.

### 4. Contents

- Statistics for Analytical Chemistry: Analytical Problems, Statistics of repeated measurements and Analytical figures of merit, Significance tests, Validation of Analytical Methods, Errors in quantitative analysis, Calibration methods: regression and correlation, Introduction to Multivariate analysis, The quality of analytical measurements
- Effect of electrolytes on chemical balances: Ionic force, Activity and activity coefficient, Debye Hückel's Theory (Extended Equation and Limit Law), Davies Equation, Balance calculations using activity coefficients
- Non-aqueous solvents: Physical properties of solvents (cohesive forces, solubility parameters, dielectric constant, refractive index), Chemical properties (donor number, acceptor number, solvatochromism) , Classification of solvents, Leveling and differentiating effect of solvents on acid and base strength, Determination of organic and inorganic species in non-aqueous media by different analytical techniques.
- Acid-base equilibrium: Monoprotic acids and bases, Polyfunctional acids and bases. Species distribution. Composition of polyprotic acid solutions as a function of pH ( $\alpha$  - values). Logarithmic concentration diagrams, Graphical representation of acid-base equilibrium.
- Solubility equilibrium: Influence of various factors on equilibrium (pH, common ion, other ions, hydrolysis)
- Complexation equilibrium: Distribution of species in equilibrium. Formation constants, Influence of pH on complexation equilibrium, Equilibrium of complexation and solubility.
- Equilibrium in oxy-reduction reactions: Mechanisms of oxy-reduction reactions, Spontaneity of oxy-reduction reactions, Simultaneous equilibrium involving oxy-reduction, acid-base, complexation and solubility.

## 5. Assessment

Exercise lists, Presentation and discussion of scientific articles and Theoretical tests. The student who obtains a final grade of A, B or C, awarded as per the list below, will be considered approved:

- A: grade equal to or above 9.0
- B: grade equal to or above 7.5 and below 9.0
- C: grade equal to or above 5.0 and below 7.5
- D: grade below 5
- FF: lack of frequency

## 6. Methodology

Theoretical lectures. Use of statistical treatment softwares.

## 7. Bibliography

- Compton, R. G., Sanders, G. H. W., Electrode Potentials, Oxford University Press, 1996 (Reprinted 2009)
- Ellison, S. L. R., Barwick, V. J., Farrant, T. J. D, Practical statistics for the Analytical Scientist. A bench guide, 2 ed. RCS, 2009.
- Hair, Black, Babin, Anderson, Tathan, Análise Multivariada de Dados, Bookman, 6<sup>a</sup> Ed., 2009.
- Meites, L., An Introduction to Chemical Equilibrium and Kinetics, Pergamon Press, 1981.
- Miller, J. N., Miller, J. C. Statistics and chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry, Prentice Hall, 7<sup>a</sup> ed., 2018.
- Petrozzi, S., Practical Instrumental Analysis. Methods, Quality Assurance and Laboratory Management, Wiley, 2013.
- Skoog, F., West, Holler, Crouch, Fundamentos de Química Analítica, Thomson Learning, 8<sup>a</sup> ed., 2011.